

ESSENTIAL CIVIL WAR CURRICULUM

Occupation: Federal Military Government in the South

By **Jacqueline Glass Campbell**, Francis Marion University

Resources

If you can read only one book

Author	<i>Title</i> . City: Publisher, Year.
Ash, Stephen V.	<i>When the Yankees Came: Conflict & Chaos in the Occupied South 1861-1865</i> . Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1995.

Books and Articles

Author	<i>Title</i> . City: Publisher, Year. “Title,” in <i>Journal</i> ##, no. # (Date): #.
Ames, Susie M.	“Federal Policy toward the Eastern shore of Virginia in 1861,” <i>The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography</i> , Vol. 69, no. 4 (Oct., 1961): 432-59.
Broussard Joyce L.	“Occupied Natchez, Elite Women, and the Feminization of the Civil War” <i>Journal of Mississippi History</i> Vo. 70, no. 2 (Summer, 2008): 179-207.
Browning, Judkin	<i>Shifting Loyalties: The Union Occupation of Eastern North Carolina</i> . Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2011.
Campbell, Jacqueline Glass	“ <i>A Unique but Dangerous Entanglement</i> ”: <i>Benjamin Butler in New Orleans, April-December, 1862</i> . Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, forthcoming.
Capers, Gerald J. Jr.	<i>Occupied City: New Orleans under the Federals 1862-1865</i> . Lexington: University of Kentucky Press, 1965.

Cowen, Ruth Caroline	“Reorganization of Federal Arkansas, 1862-1865,” <i>Arkansas Historical Quarterly</i> Vol. 18, no. 2 (Summer, 1959): 32-57.
Duncan, Richard R.	<i>Embattled Winchester: A Virginia Community at War, 1861-1865</i> . Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press, 2007.
Durham, Walter R.	<i>Nashville, The Occupied City, The First Seventeen Months – February 15, 1862 to June 30, 1863</i> . Nashville: Tennessee Historical Society, 1985.
_____.	<i>Reluctant Partners: Nashville and the Union, July 1, 1863 to June 30 1865</i> . Nashville: Tennessee Historical Society, 1987.
Durrill, Wayne K.	<i>War of Another Kind: A Southern Community in the Great Rebellion</i> . New York: Oxford University Press, 1990.
East, Omega G. and H. B. Jenckes	“St. Augustine during the Civil War,” <i>Florida Historical Quarterly</i> Vol. 21, no. 2 (Oct., 1952): 75-91.
Fellman, Michael	<i>Inside War: The Guerrilla Conflict in Missouri During the American Civil War</i> . New York: Oxford University Press, 1989.
Fisher, Noel	<i>War at Every Door: Partisan Politics and Guerrilla Violence in East Tennessee, 1860-1869</i> . Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1997.
Foos, Paul	<i>A Strong, Offhand, Killing Affair: Soldiers and Social Conflict During the Mexican-American War</i> . Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2002.
Freidel, Frank	“General Orders 100 and Military Government,” <i>Mississippi Valley Historical Review</i> , Vol. 32, no. 4 (Mar., 1946): 541-56.
Futrell, Robert J.	“Federal Military Government in the South, 1861-1865,” <i>Military Affairs</i> , Vol. 15, no. 4 (Winter, 1951): 181-191.
Gabriel, Ralph H.	“American Experience with Military Government,” <i>American Historical Review</i> , Vol. 49, no. 4 (Jul., 1944): 630-43.
Gerteis, Louis S.	<i>Civil War St. Louis</i> . (Lawrence: University Press, of Kansas, 2001).
Grimsley, Mark	<i>The Hard Hand of War: Union Policy Toward Southern Civilians 1861-1865</i> . New York: Cambridge University Press, 1995.

James, Nola A.	“The Civil War Years in Independence County,” <i>Arkansas Historical Quarterly</i> Vol. 28, no. 3 (Autumn, 1969): 234-74.
Johnson, III, Ludwell, H.	“Trading with the Union: The Evolution of Confederate Policy.” <i>The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography</i> , Vol. 78, No. 3 (July 1970): 308-25.
_____.	“Blockade or Trade Monopoly? John A. Dix and the Union Occupation of Norfolk,” <i>The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography</i> , Vol. 93, no. 1 (January 1985): 54-78.
Lang, Andrew F.	<i>Waging Peace in the Wake of War: United States Soldiers, Military Occupation, and the American Civil War</i> . Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press, forthcoming.
Levinson, Irving	<i>Wars within Wars: Mexican Guerrillas, Domestic Elites, and the United States of America, 1846-1848</i> . Fort Worth: Texas Christian University Press, 2005).
Maslowski, Peter	“ <i>Treason Must be Made Odious</i> ”: <i>Military Occupation and Wartime Reconstruction in Nashville, Tennessee, 1862-1865</i> (Millwood, NY: KTO Press, 1978.
Nelson, Scott and Carol Sheriff	<i>A People at War: Civilians and Soldiers in America’s Civil War, 1854-1877</i> . New York: Oxford University Press, 2008.
Riker, Diane	“ <i>This Long Agony</i> ”: <i>A Test of civilian Loyalties in an Occupied City</i> ” <i>The Alexandria Chronicle</i> , no. 2 (Spring, 2011):1-10.
Robertson, Jr., James I.	“Danville under Military Occupation, 1865” <i>The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography</i> Vo. 75, no. 3 (July, 1967): 331-48.
Rose, Willie Lee	<i>Rehearsal for Reconstruction: The Port Royal Experiment</i> . Indianapolis: Bobbs-Merrill Company, 1964.
Russ, Jr., William A.	“Administrative Activities of the Union Army During and After the Civil War,” <i>Mississippi Law Journal</i> Vol. 17, (May, 1945), 71-89.

Sutherland, Daniel E.	<i>Seasons of War: The Ordeal of a Confederate Community, 1861-1865</i> . New York: The Free Press, 1995.
_____.	<i>A Savage Conflict: The Decisive Role of Guerrillas in the American Civil War</i> . Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2009.
Whites, LeeAnn and Alecia P. Long, eds.	<i>Occupied Women: Gender, Military Occupation, and the American Civil War</i> . Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press, 2009.
Wiley, Bell I.	“Southern Reaction to Federal Invasion,” <i>Journal of Southern History</i> , Vol. 16, no. 4 (Nov., 1950): 491-510.

Organizations

Web Resources

Other Sources

Scholars

Name	Email
Jacqueline Glass Campbell	jcampbell@fmarion.edu
Stephen V. Ash	sash@utk.edu
Judkin Browning	browningjj@appstate.edu
Andrew F. Lang	alang@history.msstate.edu
Daniel Sutherland	dsutherl@uark.edu

Topic Précis

Approximately one hundred southern towns and cities were occupied by Union forces at one time or another during the course of the Civil War. Northern policy initially encouraged southern Unionism which Lincoln and others believed to prevail among the majority of the southern population. They also believed (erroneously) that reinstalling loyal people and reintegrating the state into the Union would be a relatively simple process. But the complexities of occupational politics were myriad and the United States had only minimal experience as occupiers during the Mexican American war. Unlike their presence in a foreign country however, occupying forces in the American Civil War shared a legacy with the South; nor was it clear whether the seceding states were belligerent enemies or misguided family members who only required to be persuaded of their errors. As larger areas of the South came under Union control the Union faced enormous administrative

challenges and questions arose as to how to reignite loyalty to the Union, how to deal with fugitive slaves, and how to deal with the vigilante violence that sprang up around occupied areas. All of these problems had to be worked out during the course of the war.
